

Schriftlicher Einstufungstest Englisch

- **Testhinweise:**

Dieser schriftliche Einstufungstest als Teil des „Compact Test Englisch“ des Cornelsen & Oxford Verlags eignet sich für alle Lernniveaus von der Grundstufe bis zum Cambridge First Certificate. Die VHS Mönchengladbach dankt dem Verlag für die freundliche Erlaubnis, den Test im Internet zur Selbsteinstufung nutzen zu dürfen. Zur Bearbeitung laden Sie die Datei bitte mit dem Adobe Reader 4 herunter und drucken sie aus.

Der Test besteht aus **3 Teilen**

- Teil 1: 60 Aufgaben
- Teil 2: Antwortblatt
- Teil 3: Übertragung des **Testergebnisses** auf unser Kursangebot

Teil 1- Aufgaben

Bei diesen 60 Aufgaben finden Sie im wesentlichen Sätze und Kurzdialoge, bei denen an einer Stelle etwas ausgelassen ist. Darunter finden Sie jeweils eine unterschiedliche Anzahl von Möglichkeiten, diese Lücke zu füllen, von denen aber nur **eine** richtig ist.

Bei einigen Fragen müssen Sie diejenigen Möglichkeiten markieren, die **falsch** ist; darauf wird extra hingewiesen.

Andere als die beschriebenen Aufgabenstellungen sind bei den jeweiligen Fragen genau erläutert.

Wenn Sie das Gefühl haben, mehr als 5 Aufgaben hintereinander nicht mehr zu verstehen oder nicht richtig gelöst zu haben, brechen Sie den Test ab.

- 1 "Hello, how are you?" - "
a How are you? b How do you do? c Fine, thanks.
- 2 " _____ she from?" - „From Australia“
a Who's b Where's c What's
- 3 "What's Colin and Mary's address?"
" _____ address is 15, Park Avenue, Leeds."
a There b Her c Their
- 4 "Are you _____ architect?"
a -- b a c an
- 5 He _____ at 7 o'clock
a gets normally up b normally get up c normally gets up

- 6 "Tom likes pop music, but he _____ classical music."
 a likes not b doesn't like c don't like d not likes
- 7 At a tourist information centre:
Tourist: "Excuse me, please. How can I get to Glasgow?"
Assistant: "Well, you could take the bus or the train. It's _____ to take the bus, but the train is _____."
 a cheaper more comfortable
 b more cheap more comfortable
 c cheaper comfortabler
- 8 "I think that Dartmouth is _____ Brighton."
 a quieter than b more quieter than c quieter then d quieter as
- 9 "We've got _____ good supermarkets in our town, but we haven't got _____ nice restaurants."
 a --...-- b some any c anysome
- 10 "I'd like _____ more wine, please."
 a any b some c something
- 11 "Last year I _____ to Spain."
 a have gone b went c gone
- 12 "I _____ much last night."
 a didn't eat b doesn't eat c don't eat
- 13 " _____ Tom the last weekend?"
 a Did you meet b Met you c Have you met
- 14 "What are your holiday plans for next year?"
 "Well, I think _____ at home."
 a I'm going to stay b stay c I'll stay
- 15 "What's he doing at the moment?"
 "He _____ television."
 a watches b watching c are watching d is watching
- 16 He _____ home from work at five o'clock every day,
 a coming b come c comes d is coming

- 17 " _____ a foreign language?" - „Yes, two. German and French.“
a Is she speaking b Does she speak c She is speaking
- 18 "You _____ take a taxi. I can pick you up."
a must not b don't have to c haven't to
- 19 "Look at the clouds. _____ in a minute."
a It's going to rain b It will rain c It will raining
- 20 "I _____ on foot before I got a car."
a use to walk b used to walking c used to walk
- 21 "I'll meet you _____."
a on Sunday at 8 o'clock at Heathrow Airport.
b at Heathrow Airport at 8 o'clock on Sunday.
c at Heathrow Airport on Sunday at 8 o'clock
- 22 " _____ a really famous film star?" - "No, I haven't."
a Did you ever meet b Have you ever met c Were you ever meeting
- 23 She _____ those letters for the last three hours.
a has been typing b has typed c had been typing d typed
- 24 "When did you arrive in this country?" - "In March. I _____ here _____ about seven weeks."
a have been since b am for c have been for
d was.....since
- 25 "Last year we _____ our holidays in Italy."
a have been spending b have spent c spent d spend
- 26 "Do you remember the job _____ I had first?"
Eine der folgenden Lösungen ist falsch. Welche?
a -- b which c that d who
- 27 "I _____ to Mary on the phone when the doorbell _____."
a talked rang b was talking was ringing c was talking rang

- 28 When she got to the theatre, she found that she _____ the tickets at home.
a left b has left c had left

- 29 Den folgenden Satz kann man etwas umformuliert auch anders schreiben:

"Tom speaks fluent English."

Welcher der folgenden Sätze ist grammatisch korrekt?

- a Tom speaks fluently English. b Tom speaks English fluent.
c Tom fluently speaks English. d Tom speaks English fluently.
- 30 Normally Tom is a very _____ (1) driver, but yesterday when I went to town with him he didn't drive very _____ (2), but _____ (3) _____ (4).

Welche Spalte gibt die richtige Wortfolge wieder?

	a	b	c
1)	careful	good	good
2)	good	carefully	carefully
3)	terribly	terrible	terribly
4)	fast	fastly	fast

- 31 "I don't feel very well at the moment."

"You don't look well. If I _____ you, I'd go and see a doctor."

- a were b would be c was

- 32 "When will we arrive in Paris?"

"If we _____ now, we _____ there at 5 o'clock."

- a well leave are b would leave are
c left will be d leave will be

- 33 "If I _____ a lot of money, I _____ a house."

- a earned bought b would earn would buy
c would earn bought d earned would buy

- 34 "Hi, Sue. I met Tom yesterday. He told me that he _____ (1) really lucky the day before. He _____ (2) to play Bingo and _____ (3) £100. He said he really _____ (4) the money for a new car, but that he would rather spend it on clothes."

Welche Spalte gibt die richtige Wortfolge wieder?

	a	b	c
1)	had been	was	was
2)	had gone	went	had gone
3)	had won	won	had won

- 4) needed has needed needed
- 35 Police officers _____ by the government, from the money we pay in taxes.
 a will be paid b are paid c are paying
- 36 *Die folgende Aussage kann man auch anders schreiben.*
 "The government **spent** a million pounds on this programme."
Welche der folgenden Aussagen entspricht der obigen?
 a A million pounds **had been** spent on this programme by the government.
 b A million pounds **has been spent** on this programme by the government.
 c A million pounds **was spent** on this programme by the government.
- 37 The letters _____ right at this moment.
 a are typed b are being typed c are typing
- 38 "A Rolls-Royce is _____ a Mini."
 a comfortabler than b more comfortable as c comfortabler as
 d more comfortable than
- 39 " _____ you give me some small change for the phone, please?"
 a May b Might c Would d Should
- 40 "How much milk is there?" - „There's _____ milk left, three or four bottles."
 a much b a lot of c many
- 41 "Who was that?" - "Oh, an old friend _____."
 a of me b from me c of my d of mine
- 42 "Do you see those big houses over there?
 Well, they _____ pulled down to build the new motorway.
 a will b will have to be c had to be d will have
- 43 When Paul came back to the car, he found he _____ given a parking ticket.
 a has been b had c had been
- 44 If she _____ the seat belt, she _____ died.
 a hadn't put on would have b doesn't put on would have been
 c hadn't put on would

- 45 "Will I feel better soon, Doctor?" - "Well, you _____ smoke for a few weeks, but you _____ got to bed, just relax a bit and come and see me again in a week."
 a mustn't needn't" b don't have to needn't c needn't mustn't
- 46 "This time my friends drank _____ beer than at our last party."
 a less b little c fewer
- 47 "I don't really like wine." - " _____ "
 a Neither me. b Nor me. c Nor I. d Neither do I.
- 48 "You haven't left the keys at home, _____ ?"
 a did you b have you c haven't you d or
- 49 "Do you decorate your flat yourself or _____ ?" - „Oh, it depends.“
 a do you have it decorated b let you decorate it c have you it decorated
- 50 "I couldn't hear what he was on the telephone."
 a saying b telling c speaking d talking

51 **Top Shoes (TS)**

TS is a company in England which manufactures luxury-grade shoes. Up to now the company has concentrated on selling through the "Far East Footwear Corporation" to large importers, such as department stores. The contract with "Far East" will soon run out.

TS now requires a sales representative not only to keep up sales, but also to expand sales in Japan and Hong Kong, and to introduce new products, for example, giftware, travel goods and clothing. Further, he/she would also have to look into the possibility of starting selling goods in Singapore. No particular qualifications are required, apart from some sales experience. The salary ranges from \$ 20,000 to \$ 25,000 per annum.

*Sind die folgenden Aussagen richtig
 (r = right) oder falsch (w = wrong)?*

- a TS is going to concentrate on selling through the "Far East Footwear Corporation".
 b TS introduced new products in Japan and Hong Kong.
 c The person required doesn't need any sales experience.
- 52 "Hello, Tom. I can't be sure I'll be home in time for lunch. I _____ be late."
 a should b must c may
- 53 "Sometimes I wish I _____ more time for learning English."
 a have b had c will have d would have

- 54** Sue: I forgot _____ (1) you, Sheila's got married.
 Jenny: Oh no. Whatever made her decide _____ (2) a thing like that?
 Sue: It's impossible _____ (3). Can you imagine _____ (4) married to him? She seemed _____ (5) such a nice girl.
- | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1) a to tell | b telling | c having told |
| 2) a doing | b having done | c to do |
| 3) a to say | b saying | c to have said |
| 4) a being | b to be | |
| 5) a to be | b being | |
- 55** *Extracts from a newspaper article about a bank robbery*
 The police are said _____ (1) part of the stolen money. The thieves are thought _____ (2) in a panic. The robbers are still thought _____ (3) in the country.
- | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1) a discovering | b to have discovered | c having discovering |
| 2) a to flee | b to have fled | c to have been fleeing |
| 3) a to be | b being | c to have been |
- 56** The company has had a bad year, and will therefore not be _____ any new workers.
a taking up **b** taking on **c** taking off **d** taking after
- 57** He had no _____ of causing trouble.
a intent **b** intend **c** intention **d** intending
- 58** "I _____ (1) here _____ (2) an hour.
 Where _____ (3)?"
Welche Spalte gibt die richtige Wortfolge wieder?
- | | | |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| a | b | c |
| 1) am | have been | was |
| 2) for | for | since |
| 3) were you | have you been | have you been |
- 59** "Excuse me, do you _____ me bringing my dog into your house?"
a mind **b** oppose **c** object **d** complain
- 60** *Welches Wort gehört nicht in die jeweilige Gruppe?*
- | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1) a exhausted | b tired | c awake | d sleepy |
| 2) a deny | b admit | c confess | d reveal |
| 3) a steep | b flat | c high | d tall |
| 4) a strange | b peculiar | c common | d odd |

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Teil 2 - Antwortbogen

Im Folgenden finden Sie für alle 60 Aufgaben die korrekten Antworten mit unterschiedlichen Punktzahlen in Klammern. Die Gesamtpunktzahl beträgt 150.

1 c (1 P)	30 c (2 P)	54 (1) a (3 P)
2 b (1 P)	31 a (2 P)	54 (2) c (3 P)
3 c (1 P)	32 d (3 P)	54 (3) a (3 P)
4 c (1 P)	33 d (3 P)	54 (4) a (3 P)
5 c (2 P)	34 a (3 P)	54 (5) a (3 P)
6 b (1 P)	35 b (2 P)	55 (1) b (3 P)
7 a (1 P)	36 c (3 P)	55 (2) b (3 P)
8 a (1 P)	37 b (3 P)	55 (3) a (3 P)
9 b (1 P)	38 d (1 P)	56 b (3 P)
10 b (1 P)	39 c (1 P)	57 c (3 P)
11 b (2 P)	40 b (1 P)	58 b (3 P)
12 a (1 P)	41 d (2 P)	59 a (3 P)
13 a (2 P)	42 b (2 P)	60 (1) a (2 P)
14 c (2 P)	43 c (2 P)	60 (2) d (2 P)
15 d (2 P)	44 a (3 P)	60 (3) d (2 P)
16 c (2 P)	45 a (3 P)	60 (4) c (2 P)
17 b (2 P)	46 a (2 P)	
18 b (2 P)	47 d (2 P)	
19 a (2 P)	48 b (2 P)	
20 c (2 P)	49 a (2 P)	
21 b (2 P)	50 a (2 P)	
22 b (2 P)	51 a wrong (2 P)	
23 a (3 P)	51 b wrong (2 P)	
24 c (2 P)	51 c wrong (2 P)	
25 c (3 P)	52 c (2 P)	
26 d (1 P)	53 b (3 P)	
27 c (2 P)		
28 c (2 P)		
29 d (2 P)		

Einstufungssystem für Englisch-Test

Erreichte Punktzahl	Kursangebot
unter 8	A1
8 – 30	A2
30 – 60	B1
60 – 90	B1+
90 – 120	B2
120+	C1